VOLUME XX. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1883. NUMBER 40

McKean County Miner

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via, N. B. & K. R. R. leaves Smethport at 10 a. m. and arrives at 3:25.

Mail via, N. W. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at 1 p. m. and leaves at 4 p. m.

Clermont & Ludgrove Mail leaves at 12 m. and arrives at 3:30 p. m.

Kinzua Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m. and departs at 2 p. m. of same days.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 1:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 to 1 p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 324, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

G. M. SMITH, Sec'y. J. A. HOLDEN, W. M.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 188, meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Raskam Block.

H. L. SPRINGSTEAD, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post 247, G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Raskam Block.

J. K. GRAHAM, Adj't. S. F. WRIGHT, Com.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at Masonic Hall.

C. H. BECKWITH, N. G.
W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—E. P. HUSSELL, pastor. Preaching Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Class Meeting at 7:15 p. m. Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 8 o'clock. Teachers Meeting on Tuesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Choir Meetings on Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock.

BAPTIST.—F. H. GATES, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenantal meeting on Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. Pews unleased.

EPISCOPAL.—J. HARE MCCAUSLAND, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—J. F. WHITE, pastor. Masses at 11 a. m. Services at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Sanborn.
Clerk of Burgess—M. L. Armstrong.
Council—C. Young, Wm. Rankin, A. R. Armstrong, Sheridan Gorton, Ransom Beckwith, Wm. Kemp.
Constable—F. O. Wright.
School Directors—H. S. Gleason, H. L. McVay, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Sanborn, R. L. Kennan, H. C. Wilson.
Treasurer—G. M. Smith, E. Ford.
Auditors—John Forrest, T. F. Richmond.
Superintendent—J. C. Hamlin, A. D. Barbank.
Judge of Election—Wm. Gorton.
Inspectors—A. Fellows, D. A. Easterbrook.
Assessor—G. M. Smith.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport Potter Co.
Associate Judges.—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. M. Fuller, Bradford.
State Senator—H. Souther, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly.—David Sherrett, Smethport.
District Attorney.—R. McSweeney, Smethport.
Sheriff.—A. I. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary.—John R. Brawley, Bradford.
Deputy Prothonotary.—H. W. Freeman, Smethport
Commissioners.—A. T. Palmer, Dallas City, P. S. Johnson, Bradford, A. Rialy, Smethport.
County Clerk.—Isaac B. Kennedy, Smethport.
Jury Commrs.—D. F. Pattison, E. V. Clark.
Auditors.—A. P. Brewer, F. K. Washburn, A. A. Blaisdell.
Mercantile Appraiser.—F. K. Washburn, Foster Township.
County Surveyor—O. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
County School Superintendent—M. O. Campbell
Courts.—Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

BLANK PRINTING.

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ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees
WILLIAMSON, Dec. 31, 1881.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WILLIAMSPORT, PENN'A, FEB'Y 21, 1882.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing from the unsold lands of this estate without first obtaining a deed therefor from the Trustees, or from the undersigned, Agent of the Trustees, for lands in Potter county. All persons who have bought of located lands of the Bingham Estate, and have not received their deeds, are hereby notified that the contracts under which they were made, and the conditions published in the deeds, have been broken, and the lands are forfeited to the Trustees. All persons who have purchased of the undersigned, Agent of the Trustees, are hereby notified that their contracts are in full force, and will be enforced without modification, and all will be ready to deed.

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Attorneys.

SYRON S. HAMLIN. DELANO S. HAMLIN

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(Office in Grand Central Hotel.)

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JOHN C. BACKUS. HERBERT GORTON.

BACKUS & GORTON,

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Smethport, Pa.

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E. L. KEEGAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

J. K. WALLACE,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

BRADFORD, PA.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(NOTARY PUBLIC.)

Port Allegany, Pa.

M. H. BYLER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

No. 7 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BRADFORD, PA.

GEO. A. STURGEON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room 10, OIL EXCHANGE,

BRADFORD, PA.

G. A. BERRY. M. F. ELLIOTT. D. E. JACK.

BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER,

Office in Berry's Building.

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S. B. STONE. A. LEO WEIL.

STONE & WEIL,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Pompeian Hall.

Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Corner Main and Pine Sts.

Bradford, Pa.

JAMES C. BOYCE,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.

Office Room 3, Cor. Main & Webster Sts.

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

E. E. MAYO,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

Bilkol, McKean Co. Pa.

P. R. COTTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

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ADDRESS

Delivered at the Camp-Fire at Eldred, Thursday, Sept. 6, 1883, by Col. J. A. Kerr.

COMRADES, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—Assembled here in this beautiful grove on this bright autumn afternoon, as the guests of J. Richter Jones Post, No. 158, department of Penna., Grand Army of the Republic of Eldred, Pa., it is proper that we should explain what this organization means; it is an organization made up of citizen soldiers and those who fought for the government of the United States in the late rebellion, and also to learn something of the character, objects and aims of this "standing army."

The first Post of this order was organized in the winter of 1866, in the town of Decatur, State of Illinois. Bradford Post No. 141, of Bradford city, Pa., has among its membership one who was a member of this first Post. I refer to comrade J. T. Bishop, of that city. From that period to the present time the order has grown rapidly and upon the broad foundation they there laid (without regard to former rank) a magnificent super-structure has been built. There is at the present time a membership of 136,000 comrades, and the order is represented by Post and other organizations in the following named States and territories: California, Colorado, Connecticut, Dakota, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, Wisconsin, Florida, Utah, New Mexico, Arkansas, Washington Territory, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Texas and the District of Columbia. Pennsylvania has the largest membership of any State or Department, she having about 36,000. New York has the second largest membership, about 31,000, and Massachusetts the third largest, about 13,000. The membership of the Grand Army of the Republic is growing rapidly, more so now than ever before, and it is confidently expected that an enrollment of 200,000 members will be had by the end of the present year. The Grand Army of the Republic is a fraternal, charitable and loyal secret organization. So much for the character and the organization of the order. We will now speak of the objects. The objects of the order are the inculcation of fraternal feelings among the soldiers and sailors who aided in suppressing the late rebellion; the bestowal of charity to the needy and destitute and the maintaining of a proud loyalty to our country. In our fraternity we annually observe that most beautiful of all our country's customs, the decorating of the soldier's grave. This is usually attended with much careful labor and great expense; and while it is participated in by all the people, if it were not for this organization the dead soldier would soon be forgotten and the observance of "Memorial Day." would be a thing of the past. In this national observance we do not merely put a perishable wreath on the pillow of dust where the dead sleep, but we put a garland upon courage, a garland upon discipline, a garland upon self sacrifice and a garland upon patriotism. We also care for and bury the dead. During the last year there have been mustered out by death 1,188 members of the order. They have answered the last roll call. Most of these were cared for and nursed during their last days by their comrades, and all were buried with the honors a soldier is entitled to. To each of us there is no event so certain as that of death. To each of us the hour will surely come when the pulse will cease to beat, the heart to throb and the blood to flow. The strong arm of industry will be paralyzed, the busy brain be still and all power of motion will be lost. The scenes of earth will dissolve and fade away forever. Cold, rigid, insensible to pain, heedless of hunger or thirst, removed by joy or sorrow, these warm, breathing, sensitive bodies of ours shall be carried forth and hidden away forever. The storm of winter's blast shall howl around our monuments as they glisten in the moonlight. The flowers shall bloom and the birds shall sing around our graves in summer time, but sunshine or storm, birds or flowers shall be heeded no more by us. Remember the soldier's duty and he always ready to receive your marching orders.

We are enlisted for the soldiers' orphans and the disabled old soldiers now in Soldier Homes. Governor Curtin, at his inauguration after his reelection as governor of this commonwealth in the year 1863, during the darkest days of the rebellion, promised the soldiers of Pennsylvania then flocking to the field and veteranizing in the field by the tens of thousands, that should they fall in battle their children should become the wards of the State, and nobly has the war Governor's promises been redeemed by the Grand old Commonwealth, aided by some of her citizens and soulless corporations, by the establishment and maintenance thereof of the best systems for homes and schools for these wards known to modern history. Early in the year of 1864 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company donated $60,000 toward the establishment of these homes, which was followed by a donation of $60 by the loyal association located in Washington City and $3, the net proceeds of a lecture given by James W. Lear, of Philadelphia, in a public school house in that city. Total donation to the cause $20,063. The legislature of the winter of 1864 passed an act authorizing Governor Curtin to accept the donation that had been made, and he did so. At the same session of the legislature an appropriation of $75,000 to the soldiers' orphans' schools was added to the donation already made. The schools that became one of the public institutions of the State. Such additional legislation was then had as was necessary to put these homes and schools into operation, and a superintendent was appointed. Since then there has been an aggregate of $9,200,000 appropriated for the support of these schools. Thirteen thousand children of soldiers have been educated and cared for, they having the homes at the age of sixteen years fitted for the pursuits of business life, and there still remain in the schools about 3,000. The legislature now in session by general act extended the time of closing the schools finally to June 1, 1885. By this legislation all those now in the homes will be educated until they are thirteen years of age, and about 300 more will be admitted, mostly taken from the almshouses of the commonwealth. Nobly has the promise of the old war governor been redeemed and Pennsylvania placed where she belongs—not only with the best system of common school education, but surely the happiest of the earth, in caring for and educating her soldiers' orphans. To the Grand Army of the Republic, my dear comrades, belongs a major share of the credit of keeping this promise alive, they remembering that by eternal vigilance alone can national liberty be maintained, certainly exercised great vigilance in seeing that this promise in regard to these homes was redeemed. Put to the grand old commonwealth, that we all love to honor, let us say thanks, thanks, thanks. Gratitude is the finest blossom which springs from the soul, and the heart of man knoweth none more fragrant. The order of its fraternity work also looks after the disabled soldiers now confined in the soldiers' homes.

By general act of the congress of the United States the President, the Secretary of War and the Chief Justice of the United States are constituted a board, and congress elects nine managers who serve for a term of six years, or until their successors are elected. The twelve have charge of the homes of "The National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers." The principal homes are located at Dayton, Ohio, and Washington, D. C., with branches in Maine, Indiana, Illinois and Maryland. These homes are sustained by the fines of court martialed—the moneys forfeited to the government by desertion—and are in the main self-sustaining, as labor is performed by the inmates and various articles are manufactured that bring quite a revenue to the government. To be admitted to one of these homes you must have been disabled by wounds or sickness contracted while in a line of duty and receive the recommendation of at least three of the managers. The homes are conducted in strict military discipline and under the article of war you must also have been a soldier in the war of 1812, Mexican war, or the war of the rebellion to be admitted. There are now about 7,000 of these old veterans who have good and comfortable homes provided as before stated.

To the Grand Army of the Republic belongs a great deal of the credit of the establishment of these homes and they keep a watchful eye on their operations. A glorious work to be engaged in, my comrades.

Fraternity in deed, if not in word, marks everywhere the true soldier. The principles that are usually found in similar organizations are found here, and the fraternity is a leading principle. No man can be a good member of the Grand Army of the Republic unless he is true to his country, grateful to his Creator and fraternal to his fellow man.

Charity, yea charity. During the year just ended, there have been expended in charities in this order over $100,000, relieving more than 5,000 comrades. He is truly great who is great in charity. This charity, or relief, as we term it, is properly administered and bestowed by a system of relief committees in each Post, and as a result it goes to those most needy and deserving.

The success which has attended this order since its organization, the good fellowship and social intercourse which have grown and strengthened among its members, the harmony, the decorum and propriety at its encampments, the quiet but firm influence for the better it has exerted, the good it has done, the pleasure with which we now look back over the years that have passed, encourages us to renewed efforts to lengthen our cords, strengthen our stakes and stretch forth the curtains of our habitations. The founders of our order have laid for it a good and substantial foundation, not resting on the quicksands of human cupidity and avarice, but on the strong rock of fraternity, charity and loyalty and good will to all. Our charity is not only to be taught, but to be practically enforced. Our brotherly love is not only to be professed, but to be systematically employed. Our benevolence is reduced to specific ends, and hence we boldly stand forth as worthy a place and position among the charitable institutions of the day. Where others have done well to try to emulate their example, and in the great battle for the right we offer ourselves as their firm and trusty allies. Let the memories of past dangers make you ready to stand by those who stood by you, to help those who have no earthly helper, for who like soldiers can sympathize with disabled comrades, or the families of those whose ties with us were wedded in the fire of battle. Loyalty; the spirit which led us all to enter the army, was loyalty. When traitors threatened to destroy the Union established by our fathers the loyal sons of all sections of our beloved country thronged to the field, resolved that the Union, one and indivisible, must and should be preserved, and to that principle and in defense of that flag we on this occasion, when the whole country is at peace and brotherly love seems to prevail throughout the land, pledge ourselves now and forever. Understanding as we do that loyalty to principle means loyalty to an undivided country, we define our position by quoting from the reply of that most eminent jurist, the late Judge Black, of York, Pa., his reply to Mr. Buchanan, made in 1868, when Mr. Black was the attorney general in Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet:

"The Union is necessarily perpetual. No State can lawfully withdraw or be expelled from it. The federal constitution is as much a part of the constitution of each State as if it had been textually inserted therein. The federal government is sovereign within its own sphere and acts directly upon the individual citizens of each State. Within those limits its coercive power is ample to defend itself, its laws and its property. It can suppress insurrection, fight battles, conquer armies, disperse hostile combinations and punish any or all of its enemies.

It can meet, repel and subdue all those who rise against it. But it cannot obliterate a single commonwealth from the map of the Union, or declare an indiscriminate war against all the inhabitants of a section, confounding the innocent with the guilty." Mr. Black has said as well what this order believes that they should specially have it incorporated in the school of a Grand Army boy. Comrades, we have here to-day as the embodiment of principles and sentiments which are dearer than life to every American patriot, the flag. Look at that flag. What is it? A piece of bunting attached to a pole; not a word to tell what it is, but it symbolizes the liberty, the Union, the independence for which we fought. That flag. A star for every State and a State for every star. "To the spangled banner. Oh, long may it wave, o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave." We are not here because we delight in war, but because we delight in peace. You veterans who fought the battles, endured the fatigues and trials of camp life; you who went through the long marches, who assumed the responsibility of protecting the Union, who faced the danger that threatened the cohesion in that dark hour, have a right to assemble to enjoy such a scene as this, and long may it be the good fortune of J. Richter Jones Post, No. 158, Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic, to retain its good name and honorable position in this community, and each member thereof have a long, prosperous and happy life. There are three kinds of praise—that which we yield, that which we lend and that which we pay. We yield it to the powerful from fear, we lend it to the weak from interest, and we pay it to the deserving from gratitude. Post 158, of Eldred, Pa., occupies the latter position in all our hearts, and as we progress in Grand Army work we hope to be able to repay in part, in the same spirit, this grand reception and elegant entertainment. But, comrades, has not the time come to cover up all the old scars of battle? The dead are at peace, why not the living? They suffered more than we; comrades we who suffered less be at peace? Those boys in the blue, and those in the grey, went down into the same tent for the night. They put their heads on the same pillow of dust. They have stacked their arms; they have ended their march; they have fought their last battle. Sheppon, grand boots of Federal and Confederation, till the morning light shall break through the rents of the tent and the trumpet shall sound the reveille of the resurrection. May that fraternity, my dear comrades, which should bring the soldiers all over the land into a common brotherhood follow you in life, and when the final trumpet shall sound, may the charity which comes from God hear you in the harbor of His hand to that Father from whom comes all common good, in the wish of your most humble comrade.

Dyspepsia dampens the ardor of many an inspiring soul. Why suffer from dyspepsia? Why be frightened over disordered kidneys? Why continue the miserable life of a dyspeptic, nervolous mental? Brown's Iron Bitters will surely cure you. It has permanently cured thousands of cases where other remedies afforded only temporary relief. Ask your druggist concerning its merit. Try a sample bottle and you will be relieved of further mental and physical distress.

Miss Hallie L. Pusbee, Wrightsville, Pa., says: I recommended Brown's Iron Bitters for backache and liver and kidney complaints."

Henry Oats, residing near Huntingdon, who is 84 years old, cut 120 cords of wood last winter.

"Five years ago my life was a dread all the time from Heart Disease, since using Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator the English language would fail me in telling the good I received.—Kate Musgrove, Column, Ind. For sale at druggists.

Reading's drinking water still emits a stench. Dead fish have been found in the pipes.

The Highest Education.

There is a great deal that is wrong in our modern method of education. It conducts man to be a good man, but yet does not give him the power of making a living. It stuffs him with facts and meaningless words, phrases and theories, but does not enable him to think for himself and become a man in the highest and best sense. His education is too general and not practical enough. All classes should be taught that Parsons' is the great remedy now prescribed by Dr. Harsons—is the very thing he needs for the restoration of his health and the toning up of the body. Being composed of pure vegetable substances and containing no poisonous minerals, it is just the thing for all classes of people, and all should learn at once that it is to their interest to enquire into the merits of this medicine, for there has the highest endorsement. Ask your druggists for Parsons.

One of the Invalids.

E. M. PARMELEE, Dear Sir:—I have been taking your Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure for some time past and have received more benefit from it than from all the $200 worth of doctor's medicines that I have used in the last few years. Before taking the cure I was weak and tired out all the time but now I am well all day without fatigue. Would not be without it in the house. Believe it is one of the best medicines in the world.

Yours, ROBT. A. LOCOMBERTE, JR.
Somers Lane, Pa.

Who has not heard or been the recipient of benefits derived from using H. H. Downs' Elixir, a never failing remedy for all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. None can too poor to get cured of all the above diseases by the use of Dr. Bacher's Mandrake Bitters, as they only cost 25 cents per bottle. As a liniment for horses, Mowry & Johnson's Arabian and Oil Liniment cures sprains, bruises and lameness at once. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport.

Almost Marvelous.

The way Parmelee's Blood Purifier works upon the human system. It is such a thorough purifier, it strikes at the root of the disease, and by its powerful influence effects a cure almost before the patient is aware. It throws upon every particle of poisonous matter in the system, expels it and builds new health and vigor through the entire body. $1 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

$50 gone if Constantine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corns, scrofulous sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 50 cts.

(Continued from last week.)

How Watch Cases are Made.

In buying a silver watch case great care should be taken to secure one that is solid silver throughout. The cap of most cheap silver cases is made of a composition known as silinite, which is a very poor substitute for silver, as it turns black in a short time. The backs of such cases are made much thinner than those of an all silver case, being added in order to make the cap stiffer and get in as much as possible of the cheap metal. Another important point in a silver case is the joints or hinges, which should be made of gold. Those of most cheap cases are made of silver, which is not a suitable metal for that purpose. In a brief period it warps, bends and spreads apart, allowing the backs to become loose upon the case and admitting the dust and dirt that accumulates in the pocket. The Keystone Silver Watch Cases are only made with silver caps and gold joints.

Syrup's Pills—Comforting to the Sick

Thousands can bear testimony to properly prepared Syrup of Figs, when used for habitual constipation. It is the only remedy that will not cause nausea and sickness when taken. Every family should have a bottle. For sale by all druggists.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

At Edinboro, Erie county, water was frozen a fortnight ago.

I find Dr. Day's Cough Syrup to be better than any other that I ever tried. E. Anderson, Missionary, Ridgway, Pa.

Mr. Harry Roche, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "I was entirely cured of chills and fever by using Brown's Iron Bitters."

A one-handed child has been born at Dickson, Texas.

As a general restorative, and to stop nervous dreams and lying awake, nothing can equal Dr. Day's Stomach & Nerve Tonic.

A factory in Elkland, Tioga county, makes 80,000 chairs a year.

No other pill could take the place of Dr. Day's Liver Pills; all should use them.

Mrs. P. M'Feeley, Whistletown, Pa.

Red Cloud has had his hair cut, as a last concession to civilization.

Wells' Fine Petroleum Hoof Ointment, for hoof and feverish heels. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son. Price 25 cts.

Philadelphia capitalists are about to establish a paper mill at Easton.

Dr. Day's Liniment helped my horse's lameness at once; other kinds had failed. Chas. Brown, Brandywine, Pa.

A letter dated August 16, 1867, has just been received at the Angelica post office.

Tonic Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market, put up in the same. Price 25 cts. Sold by E. F. Richmond & Son.

A charter has been granted to a company in York, with a capital of $30,000, to manufacture matches.

"Yesterday fast. Heart Disease is only inferior in fatality to consumption, do not suffer from it but use Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator. It has cured thousands, why not you? $1, at druggists.

William Brown, a reputable citizen of Lehigh county, recently witnessed a fight between a copperhead snake and a rat, in which the latter was victorious.

Do not become prejudiced before trying the qualities of Day's Soap, even if you are disposed to adhere to the old way of washing, and which you undoubtedly cannot in the best manner. For cause overcome old ways.

A Pittsburg vocalist is also a butcher. His excellent voice appears to advantage when singing up to beef fat.

It stands everywhere without an equal for the cure of gravel non-retention, liver and kidney complaint, nervous irritation. Sarsons brings quiet sleep, and is not an Opiate.

Prepared by E. K. Thompson, Titusville, Pa.

The most difficult feat in the world is for a man with boxing gloves on his hands, to pick a mashed fly off his own bald spot.

PSALMS.

[REVISED]

HEAR this, all ye people, and give ear all ye dwellers of the world. Hop Bitters will make you well and to rejoice.

2. It shall cure all the people and put sickness and suffering under foot.

3. Be thou not afraid when your family is sick, or you have Bright's disease or Liver Complaint, for Hop Bitters will cure.

4. Both low and high, rich and poor know the value of Hop Bitters for billious, nervous and Rheumatic complaints.

5. Cleanse me with Hop Bitters and I shall have robust and blooming health.

6. Add diseases upon diseases and let the worst come, I am safe if I use Hop Bitters.

7. For all my life I have been plagued with sickness and sores, and not until a year ago was I cured by Hop Bitters.

8. He that keepeth his bones from aching from rheumatism and neuralgia, with Hop Bitters, does wisely.

9. Though thou hath sores, pimples, frankles, salt rheum, erysipelas, blood poisoning, yet Hop Bitters will remove them all.

10. What woman is there, feeble and sick from female complaints, who desireth not health and useth Hop Bitters and is made well.

11. Let not neglect to use Hop Bitters bring on serious Kidney and Liver complaints.

12. Keep thy tongue from being furred, thy blood pure, and thy stomach from indigestion by using Hop Bitters.

13. All my pains and aches and diseases like shall before the wind when I use Hop Bitters.

14. Mark the man who was near dead and given up by the doctors after using Hop Bitters and becomeagh well.

15. Come from everything about nervousness, general debility, and urinary troubles, for Hop Bitters will restore you.

A club of farmers in Chester county, has been formed for the propagation of German carp.

Telling it Very Short.

"It will tell it, sir, in few words if I am, but the story, Mamie, is not short. I was entirely cured of chills and fever by using Brown's Iron Bitters. I also received a large present." Mamie's father is a judge of quails, but I don't think Mamie pa's judge of anything but that of which I am." My name is Mamie Gallagher. I am seven years old. My father is a lawyer. I am very much pleased with Brown's Iron Bitters. It cured me of chills. I had chills and fever. I was sick very long. I was sick so long I almost thought I would die. I had a doctor. He could not cure me. I was sick a long time. I could not walk. My father commenced using Brown's Iron Bitters. I commenced using them with my sister. I like them very much. I like them because they cured me. I like them because they cured me quickly. I like them because they cured me when I was sick. I like them because they cured me when I was sick. I like them because they cured me when I was sick

The Bean County Pioneer.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Payable in ADVANCE—or if not paid in advance within three months, 50 cents additional will be charged.

ADVERTISING RATES.

A liberal reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

H. F. HARROUN,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 21, 1883.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM LEVIS, OF ALLEGHENY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
JAMES S. NILES, OF TIOGA.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN K. SHOEMAKER, OF SMETHPORT.

FOR CORONER,
RICHARD A. PEMPSEY, BRADFORD TWP.

FOR SURVEYOR,
JOHN KING, OF CREE TOWNSHIP.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY ORGANIZATION

Member of State Committee,
A. C. HAWKINS, Bradford City.

Chairman of County Committee,
A. P. BARNES, Kendall Borough.

Members of County Committee.

Precinct	Name	P.O. Address.
Annin Tp.	Darius Simpson	Turtle Point.
Bradford City.		
1st Ward 1st Dist.	N. J. Willard	Bradford, Pa.
1st Ward 2d Dist.	Reid. Stafford	"
2d Ward.	T. J. Powers.	"
3d Ward.	Jno. Whitcomb.	"
4th Ward.	J. D. Nash.	"
5th Ward.	N. J. Stanton.	"
Bradford Township.		
1st Dist.	M. A. Dempsey.	Custer City, Pa.
2d Dist.	J. P. Clark.	Bradford, Pa.
Corydon Tp.	W. K. Morse	Corydon, Pa.
Corydon Tp.	Philip Tome	Corydon, Pa.
Duke Centre.		
1st Dist.	W. H. Graves	Duke Centre, Pa.
2d Dist.	W. S. Hamlin	"
Eldred Boro.	A. D. Gould	Eldred, Pa.
Eldred Tp.	Chas. Carpenter	"
Foster Township.		
1st Dist.	F. H. Parkham	Derrick City, Pa.
2d Dist.	S. B. Mackelhaney	Dallas City, Pa.
Hamlin Tp.	Jno. Slafter	"
Hamlin Tp.	W. I. Batchelor	Kinzua, Pa.
Keating Township.		
1st Dist.	J. H. Crosby	Smethport, Pa.
2d Dist.	W. H. Fisher	Aiken, Pa.
Kendall Boro.		
1st Dist.	J. L. Brossman	Kendall, Pa.
2d Dist.	Dr. C. L. Bergstresser	"
Liberty Tp.	A. C. Hubler	Port Allegany, Pa.
Lafayette Tp.	W. H. Wiggins	Alton, Pa.
Norwich	August Ebert	Colegrove, Pa.
Otto Township.		
1st Dist.	J. S. Baldwin	Duke Centre, Pa.
2d Dist.	A. Moore	Kinzua, Pa.
Port Allegany Boro.		
	E. Horton, Jr.	Port Allegany, Pa.
Sergeant Tp.	Medix Fox	Clermont, Pa.
Smethport Boro.	S. Gaston	Smethport, Pa.
Wetmore Tp.	J. T. Grimth	Kane, Pa.

THE LAST DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENT.

There are thousands of American voters who only have a vague idea gathered from scraps of history of what it is to live under a democratic national administration. To those of us of later years the remembrance of the last democratic president and administration is conducive to anything but national pride. It was not an heroic age. As years pass the national humiliations of that period in the history of our republic had almost faded from the memory of those who were at that time of an age to recognize and suffer in spirit for the imbecility and weakness of the well fed, well-bred, courtly and cowardly statesmen of nearly a quarter of a century ago. In so far as these things were forgotten and the minor faults of present and more recent republican administrations are held up and magnified thus far have democratic hopes of being again intrusted with power grown bright. With increased oblivion of the past comes to the democracy an increase of hope for the future. It is unfortunate therefore for the democratic party that at this time, when their hopes are more lively than ever, the publication of the life of Buchanan (eulogistic of his negative virtues and apologetic of his faults as it is), the attack of the resurrected head of the rebellion upon Judge Black because he did not partake of the weakness approaching positive disloyalty of his chief, and the posthumous reply of the deceased jurist disclosing the secret history of the momentous cabinet crisis of December, 1860, revives public interest in the history and record of the last democratic administration, which when calmly reviewed cannot but be discreditable to the party and create a feeling of distrust of its present pretensions and promises.

While the recent revelations may place Judge Black in a more favorable position before the country than he held while living, it is at the expense the reputation of President Buchanan. Judge Black was Buchanan's confidential friend and adviser, and his main business in the cabinet seems to have been to keep the president from going wrong. He had constantly to be bracing his chief up and putting into him courage and will power to resist the traitorous seductions of the other leaders of the party. The poor president was persuaded first this and then that way, and must have had a very unhappy time of it, indeed. That the secessionists did not finally capture him is very fortunate, and it is the brightest page in the history of Judge Black that he was able by dint of constant attention to keep him braced up and prevent him from arranging with Jefferson Davis and his other democratic friends for a complete dissolution of the Union. The crisis came when the South Carolina commissioners presented their case to the president in December, 1860, asking the surrender of Fort Sumter and all the United States property within the borders of that rebellious State. President Buchanan prepared a reply, in which he recognized the right of South Carolina to be represented in Washington by diplomatic officers, as if the State were a foreign and independent government; intimated a willingness to negotiate over the surrender of Fort Sumter; spoke of "coercing a State by force of arms to remain in the confederacy"; and in various other ways acknowledged the practically independent existence of the States. After all this paper the demands of the commissioners were denied. The president's paper was read at a cabinet meeting, and Black, Stanton, and Holt at once resolved to resign their portfolios. This determination led to a strong interview between Black and President Buchanan, at the end of which the president consented to have his reply entirely changed if the northern men would not desert him. Black thereupon wrote out his objections, and the reply was entirely recast and delivered in different phrase and tone. The northern men stayed and the southern men went out. Gen. John A. Dix and Horatio King came into the

Buchanan was the last democratic president the country has had. His dalliance with treason greatly resembles Mr Tilden's dalliance with crime. Judging by these samples, the country has done well to keep itself supplied with presidents of a different political stamp.

THOS. K. BEECHER, of Elmira, N. Y., is the editor of a department in one of the daily papers of that city, and under the head of "T. K Beecher's Miscellany" airs his peculiar ideas and views. His latest manifestation is a defense of suicide. We have often heard it said that there were but three classes of people in the world, "the saints, the sinners, and the Beecher family." Taking T. K. as a sample and substituting the word "cranks" for the third division, the computation would be very nearly correct.

GOVERNOR PATTISON has vetoed the joint resolution of the two houses of the legislature to cease taking pay after the 10th inst. He says they must not adjourn and must take their ten dollars a day each. He "is a daisy" reform governor, and no mistake, but a decidedly expensive executive ornament.

WE give a good deal of space this week to the publication of an excellent article upon the "State Campaign" from the Media *American*, of Wednesday, Chairman Cooper's paper. The article was evidently written by the chairman himself, and we commend it to the attention of our readers.

WE have the assurance of the Port Allegany *Reporter* and Emporium *Independent* that the democratic candidate for State treasurer is not a "blasted Englishman." Perhaps not, yet we insist that he will be a blasted candidate after the 7th of November.

THE New Jersey democrats have nominated Hon. Leon Abbett for governor. He has an unsavory record, and the republicans are jubilant as it makes certain the election of their man if they make anything like a respectable nomination.

THE Wellsboro *Gazette* is democratic and knows the stuff its legislators are made of; therefore it predicts that there will soon be an end of the legislature which receives no pay.

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

From Chairman Cooper's Media Republican.

In the campaign a republican can be hopeful without being red-headed. All the signs of the times point to complete republican unity, not only in Pennsylvania, but in all of the States sweps by the tidal wave of last year, which began at Massachusetts and flowed on with little interruption across the continent to the Pacific ocean. It covered Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kansas, Colorado and California. In all of these States the advices show that the situation has almost completely changed, and these changes are far more favorable to renewed republican strength than were those which followed the reverses of 1874.

Pennsylvania has taken the lead in the work of recuperation and re union, and the differing republican organizations of last year—however they may have regarded each other then—wisely sowed the seed for a most rapid and complete recovery. In no other State did the dissatisfied element organize separately, and the efforts made both before and during the canvass with a view to unity and peace, did much to soften the asperities of faction. It only needed a common calamity, and subsequent misbehavior of a triumphant common enemy, to bring all republicans together.

It can be said with almost absolute truth that every republican element in Pennsylvania is now moving together in harmony. There is no reason why it should be otherwise. The reforms which were properly demanded as to the conduct of the party, are now living realities. The purity of the primaries is now protected by the Landis bill, a republican measure. The principles and methods laid down by the Centennial conference, have been endorsed by republican conventions, are now the admitted rules and practices of the party. The laws of Congress and of Pennsylvania reach all civil service abuses, and they are faithfully observed by the republican State committee—so well observed that its subscription letters have received the endorsement of Commissioner Eaton, and other prominent advocates of civil service reform. All proper complaints have been heeded, and there is little if any room even for captiousness—a condition of affairs happier than any which have obtained in the republican party for the past ten years.

While there has been a general reform of political methods, the administrative reforms so loudly promised by the democrats are all disappointing. It is true that Governor Pattison followed in the footsteps of Governors Butler and Cleveland—his co-tidal wavers—in the number and variety of his vetoes. Some were proper and based on constitutional grounds; many could not be sustained, while in others the governor exceeded his power. It has never been held proper for a governor to veto measures based simply upon the needs or the policy of the people, if these contravened no law. Thus the representatives of the people were the best judges of whether members should receive $3 instead of $1 as a compensation for their services, and yet Gov. Pattison vetoed this increase on pretended economic grounds, where the best economy is found in the best service. The same is true of the Wolverton bill providing facilities for the settlement of litigation. The arbitrary judgment of the Executive was frequently employed where there was no violence either to good sense, sound policy, or the constitution,—and vetoes were fulminated and ostentatiously published simply to excite the transient praise of the half-informed and ignorant. The charity vetoes are said to have saved $12,000, but this if ever saved at all, is more than offset by the extra session folly, which in costing the State a sum rapidly approaching half a million. Even with no pay to senators and members the daily expenses are $600. No administrative reform has been attempted which is a permanent success, although the republicans aided all of them, and several promised were actually defeated by the democratic votes to adjourn the extra session. The democratic division is well marked, and the Cassidy and anti-Cassidy factions are in almost open war. Senator Gordon, in reply to Senator Davies, authoritatively stated that the Democratic State nominees—Messrs. Powell and Taggart,—endorse the continuance of the extra session, and this means an endorsement of the administration. Truth, the administration's organ, owned by Mr. Cassidy and edited by Senator Gordon—sharply criticises Chairman Hensel, and as good as calls upon him to resign if he cannot endorse the programme of the administration. Mr. Hensel will probably do neither.

But let us return to the more pleasant issues involved in the campaign. There has not been greater unity in the republicans ranks in the past ten years, and no more settled purpose ever in the Garfield campaign. All republicans feel, and the extra session has greatly aided in demonstrating the fact, that all of the reforms within the party, demanded by wise public sentiment, are accomplished facts. As a result the men distinguished for their influence and ability in organizing former independent elements, are now aiding the work of the State committee and cordially supporting the State ticket. Such leaders as Senators Stewart, Lee, Agnew, MacFarlane, and Representatives Landis, Tubbs and others of the House—men noted for their prominence in the independent movements of last year, have volunteered to take the stump this year for the ticket; while such former regulars as General Beaver, Marriott Brosius, and Senators Davies and Greer are equally willing to show upon the stump their fealty to the party and its ticket. The same feeling applies to all classes of speakers, leaders, and gentlemen who are apt to lend their efforts to the promotion of the cause.

Gentlemen who have never been candidates, and who are prominent in business and social circles, are equally cordial—such as Edwin H. Fuller, John Welsh, Wharton Barker, Henry C. Lea, Joseph B. Altemus, and hosts of others who could be named, are giving their efforts and means to promote unity and success, and the finance committee of the State committee, the chairmanship of which Mr. Fuller has accepted, shows that the republicans of the State recognize how cordially harmony is being promoted, and how promising it is as to results.

The only fear entertained by the State committee is that the average republican voter will rely too much upon union and harmony, and because of this reliance be too easy about getting out the full republican vote. The present democratic appeal is to get out not less than eighty per cent. of the democratic vote in each and every election district, and this demand for a percentage will increase to ninety or even more if needed before election day. The republicans should every where—in minority and majority districts—in each and every place, exert the efforts of the democrats to make such a victory as republicans deserve and desire.

The Republican State Committee is directing its labors to this end. It began the work of thorough organization as early as February last, and has now a better organization, with larger forces engaged, than ever before in the history of the politics of the State. The efforts of the State committee will be supported by the republican press, and by the efforts or means of all republicans who feel that they can give either or both. Where its labors are nearer completion, we will speak more precisely of the prospect. In fact it is effort and not prediction which is important at this time. Let us bend to the effort, and the Pennsylvania campaign of 1883 will show a republican victory which will insure success in 1884.

HON J. HARTMAN, editor of the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, died at his residence at Monmouth Beach, N. J., on Wednesday night. He was hurt by a collision of his carriage with an express wagon on the streets of Long Branch on the 6th of this month, and died from effects of injuries received at the time. He was a strong journalist, well known and respected, by the profession. His death will be widely felt throughout the country.

OF THE original Buchanan Cabinet, Jacob Thompson, secretary of the interior, is the only survivor, since the death of Judge Black. Of the original Lincoln Cabinet, Simon Cameron, secretary of war, is the only survivor since the death of Montgomery Blair. The death of Judge Black leaves Judge Agnew the sole surviving ex-chief justice of Pennsylvania.—*Scranton Republican.*

FRANCIS MURPHY, the temperance evangelist, has reached New York after a long absence in Europe and has met with a cordial greeting. He is expected in Pittsburg toward the close of the month.

By virtue of a writ of alias levari facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, and to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, Pa., on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1883, at 1 o'clock p. m.

All that certain piece of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence south by land of Mrs. E. Y. Dobbins, on the west by Corydon street, formerly owned by Darius Barnes, now by Mrs. Dobbins, and known as Mrs. Dobbins' lot, 132 feet; thence west by land of Mrs. E. Y. Dobbins, on the south by Dobbins' property, formerly owned by Darius Barnes, now by Mrs. Dobbins, and known as Mrs. Dobbins' lot, 132 feet; thence north by land of Mrs. E. Y. Dobbins, on the west by Dobbins' property, formerly owned by Darius Barnes, now by Mrs. Dobbins, and known as Mrs. Dobbins' lot, 132 feet to Main street; thence east by Main street, 132 feet to the place of beginning, containing 132 feet square, more or less, being part of Warrant No. 3500, and part of the lands conveyed to D. Shepherd by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, by deed dated November 1, 1865, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 132 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 198 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 264 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 330 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 396 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 462 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 528 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 594 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 660 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 726 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 792 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 858 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 924 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 990 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1056 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1122 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1188 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1254 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1320 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1386 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1452 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1518 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1584 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1650 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1716 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1782 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1848 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1914 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 1980 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point in the northwesterly line of Main street, 2046 feet southwesterly from the corner of Main and Corydon streets; thence southwesterly along said Main street, 66 feet; thence northwesterly at right angles with Main street, 132 feet; thence northeasterly, parallel with Main street, 66 feet; thence southeasterly 132 feet to the place of beginning, and being part of lot No. 3 in the plan of lots laid out by the Bradford Land Company, and known as lot No. 3 in the division of lots made by Daniel R. Griggs, et al, trustees of United States Land Company, and recorded in Recorder's Office of McKean county, in Deed Book "S," page 213, etc. Reference is had to said deed for a more particular description.

Also, all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Bradford, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as foll

McKean Co...
Smethport, Pa., Sept...

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Your paper is now [illegible]

[illegible] we will continue [illegible] you take it [illegible] yet the paper regularly for one [illegible] year's paper every week [illegible] with the mails when not [illegible]

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Read Col. Ege's address on the first page of this issue.

Stone pavement is being laid in front of St. Elizabeth Catholic church and parochial residence.

A fair for the benefit of St. Elizabeth's church will be held in the Opera House every evening next week.

Attention is called to the advertisement of D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy in another column.

Brownell Bros., have commenced to receive new goods by the car load, though, in fact, they are receiving them all the time the year around.

During the heat of the summer just closed it was noticed that no man was sunstruck who had in his hat a receipt for paid up subscription to his paper.

—The Evening Express, a sprightly and well conducted daily of Look Haven, has been enlarged, and now ranks with the best of the dailies of the inland cities of the State.

—Services will be held at St. Luke's church next Sunday at 8 o'clock a. m., Holy Communion at 10:30 a. m., and at 7:30 p. m. Rev. D. F. Hutchinson, of Greenville, will preach at the evening service.

Frank A. Crowl, assistant postmaster at Wellsboro who was arrested last fall for taking money from a registered letter, was tried at Williamsport last week and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

The heads of the citizens of Ulysses, Potter county, are being examined by a traveling phrenologist who, is highly recommended by the local "patent" paper. It is hoped that his researches will not be fruitless.

Some of our local democratic politicians are talking of attending the democratic State convention at Buffalo next week. Better leave your pocketbooks, watches and diamonds at home, boys. The New York city democratic delegate is a bad citizen.

The friends of Walsh, B. B. & K. depot agent, and Sullivan, B. N. Y. & P. express messenger, are now made to "throw up their hands" and deliver. They are contestants for a gold watch to be given to the one collecting the greatest amount for the benefit of St. Elizabeth's church.

There are said to be about 40,000 drummers in this country, including men who run around selling on commission. Some of them get $80,000 a year and expenses, quite a number get from $3,000 to $5,000 a year, and the average salary is about $1,800 and expenses, which average $6 a day.—Ex.

—Attention is invited to the new advertisement of Chas. A. Anderson & Co., successors to C. M. Colegrove, in another column. Mr. Anderson is a worthy young man who has earned a position among the best of the business men of the county, and merits the support and patronage of the public.

—Every man who carries a pistol about him when not traveling through a section of country where the weapon might be necessary for self-protection, ought to be obliged by law to wear it in a belt at his side, and have it labeled "emotional insanity," or what would be nearer the truth "the badge of a coward."

—J. T. Donahue, the plumber and gasfitter, has rented the basement of A. B. Armstrong's drugstore, where he will put in a stock of plumbing material and gas-fittings, pipes, &c. It is probable that there will be a great amount of work in his line in the borough this fall, and he seems to be prepared to do it promptly.

—How do loafers, who don't work and have no visible means of support, make a living? We have heard of the fabled Philosopher's Stone," but it don't amount to anything when compared to the easy chairs about our hotels and saloons, or the soft side of a dry goods box in front of our stores. To be serious, how do they live?

—Mr. Quick, the beer-bottler, was altogether too elicit as well as quick. He very suddenly closed up his bottling business a few days ago, and gathering together his personal effects quickly departed. Several of our business men mourn his loss, and if he would come back would kill the fatted calf and fall upon his neck.

—Some thoughtful person has taken the time and trouble to make this calculation: "If a young man commences at 15 years to drink two glasses of beer per day, costing 10 cents, by the time he arrives at the age or 65 he will have drunk thirty-eight hogsheads. Whereas, if he puts his money in a bank for that length of time, he will have $7,600 on deposit."

—Brownell Bros. haves valuable additions to their collection of stuffed specimen of the feathery inhabitants of McKean county, in the form of what is called a fish eagle. It is a fine large bird with dark wings and white breast, and measures fully four feet from tip to tip with wings extended. It was stuffed and mounted by Emil Thomas, who is an expert taxidermist.

A Serious Charge.

Some days ago Mr. I. A. Putnam, of Norwich township, discovered that one of his cows was badly mutilated, by being cut in the flank with a knife or sharp stone. The cut was a deep and dangerous one, and narrowly escaped being fatal. Suspicion rested upon one Lafayette Ludwig, and he was arrested on Monday and brought before Esquire Smith charged with the crime. After trial he was bound over to court in the sum of $200. The charge is a serious one, as upon conviction he would be liable to a fine of $200 and a long term in the penitentiary.

A Good Schedule.

Next Monday will commence a three weeks' session of court. Those of our subscribers who will have business at the county seat during either of the three weeks will find it a good scheme first to consult the label on this paper and see if their subscription is not due, and if so to make it a part of their business to call and have the date of the label changed to a year ahead.

Dispersion Visit.

There will be a dispersion for the benefit of Rev. Mr. Manville, at the residence of O. D. Gallup, at Norwich, on Friday evening Sept. 26, 1883. A good time may be expected, and all are invited.

By order of Com.

We [illegible] in Crowley's clothing [illegible] for the fall and winter trade. He proposes to put in as good a stock as was ever brought to this borough. The goods will soon be here. Wait for them.

Works of Art and Use.

D. C. Young and Bros. H. Rose have each had placed in front of their respective residences very fine carriage stepping stones, furnished by John Digel from his famous Silver Mountain Granite. The stones are finely cut and lettered, and as work of the stone-cutter's art are almost perfection. The action of these gentlemen in thus patronizing one of our prominent home industries is certainly commendable, and will no doubt bring them good returns. If all of our people would thus hold up each other's hands we should all prosper alike.

Baptist Church Items.

Preaching next Sunday morning and evening by the pastor.

The pastor will also preach at the White School House, Norwich, next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A Sunday School was organized last Sunday afternoon at East Smethport, F. D. Hopkins, Supt. It will meet next Sunday at 2 p. m.

The plan of raising money by the weekly envelope system has been adopted, and supporters of the church are respectfully invited to make use of it.

The Country Store.

The country store is often mentioned by story-tellers and descriptive writers in tones of sarcasm. Yet the country store is a national institution and a necessity; when one is as well stocked and generously managed as that of T. R. Frisbee's, at Coryville, it is an institution that the community can hardly keep house without. There is no article of comfort, convenience or necessity in any household that he does not furnish. He keeps watch of the wants of his customers, and seldom a day passes that he does not order new goods. His store is now well stocked with everything needed for fall and winter, and for anything needed call on Tom.

The Annual meeting of the Pennsylvania W. C. T. U.

Will be held at Bellefonte, Centre Co., October 10th, 11th and 12th, 1883. It will be composed of delegates from the 225 auxiliary Unions in the State. Besides Mrs. Wittenmyer, Mrs. Hannah Smith, Miss White, and others of our well-known home workers, Mrs. Hunt of Boston, and Mrs. Baldwin of Trenton, are expected to be present.

Women of our State interested in temperance work, though not connected with our Union, will be made welcome. For orders for excursion tickets, send not later than October 4th, inclosing envelope properly addressed and stamped, to Mrs. Ellen M. Watson, 113 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa. Mrs. FRANCES L. SWIFT, President Penn'a W. C. T. U.

Voice Culture.

Prof. Harrington, of Bradford, will be in Smethport during the entire week of the teachers' institute, commencing Oct. 15, having been engaged by the county superintendent as musical director and instructor for the institute. He informs us that if any of the musically inclined, whether attendants upon the institute or otherwise, wish special lessons in voice culture he will be pleased to give instructions to a class that might be formed. The professor is one of the best and most experienced instructors in the country, and no better opportunity will occur to those who wish instruction in voice culture. We have no doubt a large private class can be formed among our local singers, and much advantage and help gained thereby.

The Gas Company.

An informal meeting of the directors of the Smethport Gas Light and Heating Company was held last Saturday, at which it was decided to hold the regular meeting for the election of officers and the organization of the company to-day. We are authorized to say with positiveness that the main line will be laid by the middle of October, at the latest, ready for connection with private lines. As to the rates that will be charged, it is not yet determined, but we are authorized to assure all consumers that the schedule of prices will be so arranged that the offer of gas for fuel will be less than either coal or wood. Where wood and coal is so easily obtainable the company see the necessity of putting the rates for gas so low that there can be no competition in that direction.

Resident Registry.

The provisions of the law requiring persons engaged in the practice of dentistry to properly register themselves in the county recorder's office have been generally published. As a matter of curiosity we looked through the registry a few days ago and were surprised to discover that but two of the numerous gentlemen engaged in dentistry in the county have them for compliance with the law. These law-abiding gentlemen are Henry Ahl and N. L. Willard, both of Bradford City. As stated in the registry Dr. Ahl has been engaged in the continuous practice of his profession 20 years. He practiced in the city of Pittsburgh and city and county of Erie, until his location in Bradford in February, 1877. Dr. Willard has been in continuous practice over 17 years. He commenced practice in Titusville in October, 1865. After a number of years he went to Millmanstown and from there to Parker, and in January, 1879, located in Bradford City. It must be that there are other gentlemen of the profession in the county; and if so, the query is, why do they not also comply with the law?

Registry of Voters.

Following is the complete registry of voters of the county as returned by the assessors of the various districts to the Commissioner's office:

Annin township	[illegible]
Bradford, 1st district	[illegible]
" 2d "	[illegible]
" 3d "	[illegible]
" 4th "	[illegible]
" 5th "	[illegible]
Corydon township	[illegible]
Eldred "	[illegible]
Foster township, 1st district	[illegible]
" 2d "	[illegible]
Hamlin "	[illegible]
Keating "	[illegible]
Kendall "	[illegible]
Liberty "	[illegible]
Norwich "	[illegible]
Otto "	[illegible]
Port Allegany borough	[illegible]
Smethport "	[illegible]
Sergeant township	[illegible]
Wetmore "	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Bradford, Sept. 20, 1883.

A Fine Picture.

Messrs. Specht & Sons have framed and on exhibition in their show windows an excellent lithograph picture of the representative journalists of America. It consists of an excellent likeness of twelve leading journalists of the country grouped about Thurlow Weed. The following editors are represented: Gen. W. Childs, Philadelphia Ledger; Whitelaw Reid, New York Tribune; J. G. Bennett, New York Herald; E. M. Paludar and E. E. Haskell, Boston Herald; Henry Watterson, Louisville Courier-Journal; Victor F. Lawson, Chicago News; M. Halstead, Cincinnati Commercial; Oswald Ottendorfer, New York Staats-Zeitung; Chas. A. Dana, New York Sun; and Joseph R. Hawley, Hartford Courant. The only fault we have to find in the picture is that Horace Greeley was not given the central position rather than Thurlow Weed. Greeley was a journalist, and will always be held in remembrance as the greatest editor of the nation or of the world, while Weed was simply a politician and only made journalism a subordinate element of his life—a stepping stone to political power and a useful tool for the strengthening of political combinations. The picture was presented to the McKean Lodge A. Y. M. by the Travelers Insurance Company.

BOYS SUITS—Greenewalds', Bradford.

A Fall in Furniture.

Messrs. Freeman & Drew, the wide-awake furniture dealers of Bradford, authorize us to announce in their advertising space this week an astonishing reduction in the price of furniture. As we cannot make the change in the ad. this week we will give in advance a list of some of the bargains offered, as follows:

Bedroom suits of seven pieces, only $16.00

Bedsteads, complete with castors, $2.00.

Bedsprings, $1.20.

Mattresses, full weight, $2.00.

" very large, $3.50.

Bed lounges, $12.00.

Carpet lounges, the best, having from 5 to 8 springs more than any other lounge made, only $7.50.

Solid walnut stands, .80.

Solid walnut marble top stands, $2.50.

The above are simply sample prices. Call early and secure the best bargains ever offered, at FREEMAN & DREW'S Palace Furniture Emporium, 93 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

CHILDREN'S SUITS—At Greenewalds', Bradford, Pa.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. H. Gray has been ordained a deacon in the Episcopal church.

Mrs. J. M. McElroy has returned to her home in Bradford.

C. C. Melvin, democratic candidate for county treasurer, took in our borough on Tuesday.

Bishop Whitehead preached in the Episcopal church last Sunday. Nine persons were confirmed.

Harry Richmond is taking a look at the Kansas girls and other Canadian curiosities and sights.

Hon. W. W. Brown was in town on Monday, and as is the duty of all congressmen, senators and foreign ministers, called upon the MIRROR office.

Mrs. M. A. Sprague went to Emporium yesterday to attend the wedding of Miss Blanch Hyde, who was married to a Mr. Sullevan of that borough.

Hon. L. Rogers returned with his family to Harrisburg on Monday. Misses Lucy and Fanny will spend a few days in Warren before returning to the capital.

John W. Williams, head clerk and cashier of the Grand Central, has been visiting his old home and friends in Buffalo. He returned last evening looking five years younger.

District Attorney and Editor-in-chief McSweeney has his hands full this week drawing indictments for next week's term of court, and is assisted in his editorial duties by Harry Wilson.

Harry Wilson, formerly of the *Democrat*, has been spending several days in town. The issue of his new paper in DuBois is delayed by the detention of material on the road, which was shipped three weeks ago.

It is a rather singular coincidence that John Faust, Robt. H. Rose, R. F. Wright, Robt. King and S. A. Bishop happened to have business in Bradford upon the same day that Buffalo Bill and his combination of painted Indians, cow boys, buffaloes, mules and other western animals struck the town.

Commendable Thrift.

Every year brings a change in the tastes of the great mass of people and who are growing more particular as to the goods they buy either for adornment or durability, and to properly meet the exactions of such educated tastes requires long experience and good judgment, and there are few who have succeeded up well in this as the popular young men of the firm of Freeman & Drew, and this season they have far excelled all their previous efforts and it would be hard indeed to think of an article usually found in a first-class Furniture Room which cannot be found at their Palace Furniture Emporium, and a look at their advertisement to be found in another column of this issue will be seen that they have knocked the top down off from prices and are selling furniture cheaper than many Furniture Houses can buy at wholesale. Call at their commodious Furniture Store will supply you if in need of goods in their line. Remember the place, No. 93, Main St., Palace Furniture Emporium of Freeman & Drew, Bradford, Pa.

A Card.

Having fitted up rooms in my store and arranged to keep Corn, Oats, Feed, Meal, &c., of the best quality, and at all times to sell in small or large quantities, and for CASH, (as that is the way I buy) will be pleased to see all who are in need of anything in this line. Also a full line of fresh Groceries always in stock.

49-3m H. L. WILSON.

KENSWEAR and Furnishing Goods—Greatest Variety—Greenewalds', Leading Clothing and Furnishing House, Opposite Riddell House, Bradford, Pa.

Wm. V. Keating et al., to Patrick Blyth; land in Annin township, for 345 00

Louisa Allen et al., to John Cawley; timber on land in Annin township, for 800 00

Kitty S. Stephenson and husband to Mary E. Jackson; lot in Bradford City, for 700 00

Albert Dethloker and wife to Cyrus Davis; lot in Bradford boro, for 500 00

Cyrus Davis to Albert Mauval; lot in Bradford City, for 1300 00

John T. Williams et al., to Wm. Ball et al; land in Otto township, for 800 00

William L. Ball to Robt. Ball; land in Otto township, for 800 00

Robert Ball and wife to J. S. Greer; land in Otto township, for 1600 00

Louisa F. Merrill to D. W. Robinson; lot in Bradford City, for 800 00

Jas. M. Hutchison and wife to J. B. Orbist; land in Norwich township, for 30 00

W. E. Whidmer and wife to Wm. H. Hudson; lot in Eldred township, for 15 00

Frederick Koren and wife to S. D. Freeman; lot in Smethport borough, for 1000 00

Allen Widmer to Robt. Osgood et. al.; land in Keating township, for 100 00

Mary A. Longshore and husband to Nancy M. Tates; land in Bradford township, for 350 00

W. M. Jacobs and wife to Israel Rich; lot in Bradford city, for 600 00

A Democratic Boom.

Democratic politicians appear to be unable to look upon the election of Pattison as anything else than a democratic triumph. The mistake enters into every democratic estimate of the result of the approaching election. In spite of the signs and proofs to the contrary, the democrats, from Chairman Hensel down, continue to count upon the casting of a considerable independent vote for the democratic ticket.

There are not even straws for those drowning men to catch at. Not a single independent of prominence except Mr. Wolfe has found any reason to be dissatisfied with the republican convention or the republican ticket. And Mr. Wolfe's letter has not awakened a single sympathetic response. The independents know that the independent battle was fought last year. They know that the fruits of that contest were reaped in this year's convention. The independents participated in the convention; they helped to frame the platform. At least one of the republican candidates was placed upon the ticket because he was a representative of independent thought and action. Political assessments have been abolished. Senators Stewart, Lee and other independents join with Cooper in a hearty support of Niles and Livsey.

Under such circumstances it is a grievous error for Chairman Hensel or any other democrat to suppose that Mr. Wolfe and the democratic party can lift out of obscurity the unknown man whose names are placed upon the democratic ticket. As Mr. Wolfe was among the first to take up arms in behalf of the independents cause, he is the last to lay them down after the victory has been won. Other independents know that a democratic majority in November would effectually cut short in the republican party the progress of the reforms which the independent movement was inaugurated to bring about. Not only this year's contest, but next year's and the future of the republican party in Pennsylvania demand the unqualified support of Niles and Livsey which independents and regulars are giving the republican candidates. The democrats rely upon a broken read.—Phila. *Press*.

Free Thinkers.

A score of long haired men and short-haired women—cranks, all of them—gathered in Rochester last week and dubbed themselves "Free Thinkers' Convention." If deciding chiefly what is worthy and embracing much that is bad constitutes "free thinking," then this gathering of visionary dreamers was correctly named.

About the first thing such a convention does is to assail and denounce the church and christian religion. Now there are many imperfections and some bad persons in the evangelical church, but it will take a great many Free Thinkers' Conventions to convince the world that a vast amount of good is not accomplished by the believers in the Christian religion. Even if it is established upon a false basis, if its doctrines are fallacious, if it is without divine authority, its wholesome influence cannot be disputed. Once let the churches be closed and church organizations abandoned, and pandemonium would soon follow.

If the Free Thinkers depend upon the destruction of modern Christianity to establish themselves in public favor, they have entered upon an impossible accomplishment.—Buffalo Times.

FALL CLOTHING—Greenewalds', Bradford.

Quick Relief.

Hamilton's Invisible Cherry Tonic and Pain Cure is not only a valuable internal remedy for all stomach and bowel difficulties such as dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, flatulency, diarrhœa, dysentery, cramps and colic, but has proved to be almost a specific application in rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, pleurisy, side and backache and aching in any part of the body. Used freely with warmth and rubbing it gives quick relief. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. F. Richmond & Son.

Something Impossible.

Newspaper men have frequently to decide how to put every man's advertisement in the same place at the same time; how to put two columns of matter in one column of space; how to display a solid commercial advertisement in great primer type and not occupy more space; how to make more when there is none; how to fill a paper with fresh news when nothing worthy of note has happened; how to make a small town's doings seem as important as a great city's; how to write the obituary of a man who has called your methods all his life that will not offend the relatives of the deceased; how to make a grand reception out of a month-and-milk party of six.—Look Haven Journal.

Public Notice.

I will say to all persons desirous of obtaining good reliable remedies for a reasonable consideration, that I will call on you at your residence promptly after receiving your order, through your druggist, and explain how Kidney-Wort and Liver-Wort are specially adapted to cure Liver, Kidney, Bowel and Blood diseases, and how they are compounded in accordance with the principles of Dr. Green and Sherman. Price 1 bottle for $5, or 6 for $25. Should your druggist refuse to procure it for you, please send to me and I will see that you are supplied. I am authorized to refund the money in every case where it does not prove as represented. Only one bottle of the Liver-Wort is required by most persons to make a perfect cure. Should you require more, I will see that you get them at the same rate. Address, H. H. GREEN, M. D., Sole Proprietor, Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by druggists. Send for circular.

Trial List

For Second Monday of October, 1883.

1. J. H. Fuller, assignee of J. W. Humphrey and J. W. Humphrey and A. A. Angevine, assignees of W. W. Angell Dow & Co. vs. W. W. Angell Dow & Co. Lyon Manufacturing Co. vs. Bradford National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa. Howard, First National Bank of Pittsburgh vs. Bradford National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.

2. [illegible] vs. W. J. Wilson and J. A. Wright. No 100 January term 1883. Assumpsit.

3. [illegible] vs. W. A. Wright. No 100 January term 1883. Assumpsit.

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163. [illegible] vs. W. J. Wilson and W. A. Wright. No 100 January term 1883. Assumpsit.

164. [illegible] vs. W. J. Wilson

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

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School Books, Blank Books.

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Repairing and Upholstering Done.

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PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, we are prepared to attend all calls funerals in a first class manner.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

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FURNITURE STORE!

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We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

KIDNEY-WORT

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The SUREST CURE for

KIDNEY DISEASES.

Ladies.

KIDNEY WORT

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally consummated, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 2, 1883-tf.

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—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low, if not LOWER, than they can get them in any other store in the county.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

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DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1883. 1-1y

FINE MILLINERY.

SPLENDID

Spring and Summer Styles

Fine Buchings Yellings, Knitting Silks, Worsteds & Notions.

All orders promptly or by mail will receive prompt and careful attention. Prices warranted to please.

Miss E. CARSON,

In Kittredge Block Smethport, Pa.

WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

BUY HARNESS GOODS

when you can get

BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

We employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And our work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.

These goods are all bought directly for cash, which enables us to sell at LOWER prices than those who buy on time, and then cannot help but succeed.

CALL AT OUR STORE and see for yourself before buying elsewhere, as it will be to your interest to do so.

O. HASON & J. HEMELER.

Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1882.

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THE

ROCK GLYCERINE COMP'Y

Have come to stay, notwithstanding the Monopoly has assured the world that all competitors should be driven out of the field.

They Never Have and Will Not be Undersold.

They manufacture their own stock and it is

THE PUREST GLYCERINE

IN THE FIELD.

They have the most experienced shooters in the business, and there is no shell that can compare with those they use.

STOCK, SHELLS, CANS AND MEN

Always on Hand.

Sign of the

BIG SHELL,

R. A. DEMPSEY, AGENT,

No. 12 Chambers street,

BRADFORD, - - PA

Palace Furniture Emporium!

The Largest Store in Pensylvannia!

BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET,

MOST COMPLETE STOCK,

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

—AT—

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PALACE FURNITURE EMPORIUM,

No. 93 Main Street, - - - BRADFORD, PA.

JOHN DIGEL'S MARBLE WORKS.

Monumental and Mantel Designs

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MARBLE OR SLATE.

Water Street - - - - Smethport, Pa.

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DEALER IN

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JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

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Main Street. SMETHPORT, PA.

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LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At The Bennett House Barn.

G. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distances. Pleasure, Fishing, and Hunting parties carried to reasonable points.

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,

COUNTRY AND PHAETONS,

ROAD WAGONS,

CARRIAGES,

AND SLEIGHS.

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Have had good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will get my work pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wakefield.

Smethport, March 21, 1883.-tf.

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Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.

Sash, Doors and Blinds, Matching, Mouldings, Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,

On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.

J. G. Strong, Prop'r.

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THE

ODOMOTER

WILL TELL.

This instrument is no longer than a watch. It tells the exact number of miles driven in the exact part of a mile. Attaches to any buggy or carriage in a moment. Any one can set it. Registers correctly. Durable. Cannot get out of order. Is not affected by dust, dirt, or the weather. Is a perfect little machine. Every one who drives a horse wants one. Sent by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address

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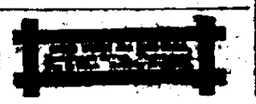
☞ Wanted for Circulars. Mention this paper.



...ay's Soap

Save your health,
Save your time,
Save your patience,
By using this Soap.
No unpleasant odors
No sickness as the result of a hard day's wash.
No hot water,
No wash boiler,
but clothes nice and white and no ingrant no new gowns boy.
TRY IT.

Remember this Soap is cheaper than any other in the market, and yet does all we claim for it.

MRS. MARY C. ST. CLAIR.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14th, 1883.

MADAM—Having for several months used in our family "DAY'S CHLORINE SOAP," and having, as we believed, tested it thoroughly, we do not hesitate to pronounce it superior to any soap we have ever used. We therefore most heartily recommend it to all who would save labor and time in performing that disagreeable duties of the household. We also find this soap especially adapted for all domestic purposes, and feel entitled to the high encomiums bestowed for it. For our self-interest in giving our own and fair trial, according to the directions, we will ever remain yours truly,

Very truly yours,

CHAS. H. THOMAS, Pastor of Franklin and Avenue Baptist Church, Phila.

☞ Wash-day has no terrors for the household where DAY'S SOAP is used, no unpleasant and sickening odors to fill your houses, no laborious rubbing on the wash-board, while the washing can be done in one-half the time necessary by following the old worn-out method.

MADAM—for it is to the ladies we desire to speak more especially—you are the interested person in this matter; you it is that suffers the ills arising from the wash-tub and its heavy cares; you it is to whom the perplexities and responsibilities of the household rightfully belong, and you it is that should interest yourself in a trial of the qualities of this soap, that has always proven itself to be a boon of salvation

TO SUFFERING HUMANITY.

We do not come to you with a plausible story calculated to have you try it, simply for the amount of money such a sale would bring us; we do not come to you as irresponsible parties, who have no reputation to suffer calumny, but we do present to you this brand of soap upon an absolute guarantee and recommendation of a well-known industrial establishment in Philadelphia, of sixteen years' existence. Do you suppose for a moment it would compensate us to make false statements to you and ruin our well-earned reputation? No, dear reader; what we say about DAY'S SOAP is the truth, and it is sustained by the evidences of thousands of housewives from all over the country; besides which we stand ready to endorse it all with ready cash. ☞ DAY'S SOAP is the Original and only Patented.—the

DAY'S SOAP

No soda, no washing crystals, no lyes are to be used, but simply supply yourself for the next wash-day with a bar of DAY'S SOAP, then carefully read the directions and follow them to the exact letter, and if you don't say pitch out that old wash-boiler, for I am a wiser woman, you will be the first person we have yet heard of that has been disappointed.

☞ Now remember—If you don't intend to follow the directions do not try the soap at all, for unless you do this you will be disappointed, and then you will scold us and yourself as well.

The cost of one cake will convince you that it is the best and cheapest soap ever offered you, while the smiles that will encircle your brow will do justice to a golden sunset.

Have you confidence in this newspaper? If so, do you suppose the owner would allow us to swindle his readers by offering them tempting inducements? He uses it in his own home, and can certify to its merits. Now you get a cake from your grocer in time for the next wash-day, and become acquainted with its intrinsic worth.

Ask your grocer for it, and do not allow him to put you off with anything else for a substitute, for every dealer can obtain it and should he refuse you, send direct to

DAY & FRICK, Props of the Philadelphia Steam Soap Works,

1714-16-18-20-22 Howard Street, Philadelphia.

E. E. THOMPSON'S

BAROSMA BUCHU ANK-ACHE

LIVER AND KIDNEY CURE.

The popularity of these goods is due to their intrinsic worth, original style, and the complete satisfaction they give to the consumer. Our BAROSMA, in particular, in giving great satisfaction to the suffering public as a Liver and Kidney Cure; also, SWEET WORM POWDER is doing a grand deal of good in relieving infants and children.

My DANDELION AND MANDRAKE PILLS, as a Tonic and Liver Regulator, and for Constipation, have no equal.

PREPARED AT TITUSVILLE, PA.

For Sale by Druggists.

A PRESENT OF $50.00

—TO—

Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

White Pine Petroleum Beef Ointment

WILSON & BRENEMAN,

Pharmaceutists,

KENDALL CREEK, PA.

☞ For sale by all druggists.

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C. L. DOUGLASS

For Your

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the market can afford. Also Proprietor of

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Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

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General

Insurance Agent

Office over Richmond's Drug Store.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES.

AGENTS Wanted

THE BEST OF ALL

LINIMENTS

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment is without an equal.

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LINIMENTS

FOR MAN OR BEAST.

We warrant Good The Best and most Economical Cough Cure in use.

We warrant both to give satisfaction or money refunded.

Price 25 cent in cents.

This positive Cough Cure is prepared in the concentrated form of six ounces, within the compass of an ordinary vial, and is warranted to cure, where timely used, any cough that is given to it, prove it by a trial. Price 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address

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Bradford, Pa.

COMPLEXION

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A beautiful and elegant preparation. Has become a favorite with all who use it. Restores faded or gray hair to its original color with the freshness and beauty of youth. Prevents the hair from falling out, and consequently stops baldness. Cures all diseases of the scalp, such as dandruff, itching, and humors. Keeps the hair soft and glossy, and in any climate. Contains no sugar of lead, or any poisonous drug. Is not a dye. Try it. Sold by druggists. Price 50 cents and $1.00.

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Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Nervousness, or Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Nervous Lassitude, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence, or sexual extravagance, etc.

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Vegetable Balsamic

ELIXIR

This valuable medicine is purely vegetable, the strength of which is not impaired by time, but, on the contrary, is improved by age. It is unsurpassed for the cure of

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis,

and every variety of Throat and Lung Diseases. Many of the cures of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, and kindred diseases, have been truly astonishing, and the evidence of the same is indisputable. Many have been changed from the very verge of the grave to perfect health by the use of this Elixir. Its timely use will prevent Consumption in nine cases out of ten. Do not delay taking it because your case is pronounced incurable by physicians. Try it, and be convinced that it will do all that is claimed for it. Price 50 cents per bottle.

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Is not incurable, if promptly attended to—and DOWNS' ELIXIR will be found a safe and reliable remedy for this dreadful disease. It has been used in many cases where the patient was supposed to be in the last stages of Consumption, and was restored to perfect health. Many who have been given up by their friends, and pronounced incurable by physicians, have been restored to health by the use of this Elixir. It heals the diseased surfaces, and relieves the cough and soreness of the throat and lungs, and by its tonic effect upon the system, it builds up the wasted tissues, and restores the patient to health and vigor. Do not delay taking this medicine because you have tried other remedies without benefit. Try DOWNS' ELIXIR, which gives relief when all other remedies fail. Sold by druggists. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle.

DOWNS' ELIXIR.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

SUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER,

CURES CONSUMPTION

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